



UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA

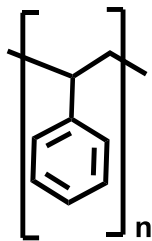
Centro Interdipartimentale
Grandi Strumenti
CINQUANTA

“La risonanza magnetica nucleare nella caratterizzazione di polimeri e co-polimeri stirenici”

Prof.ssa F. Parenti

Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche e Geologiche

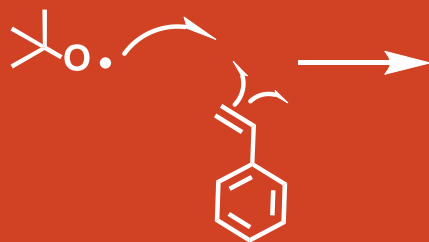
Polistirene



Polimerizzazione a RADICALE LIBERO (FRP)

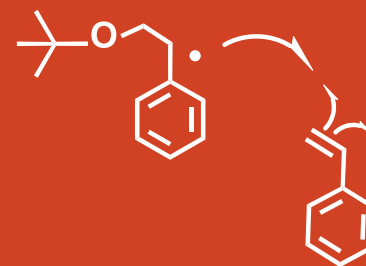


INIZIATORE
DTBP

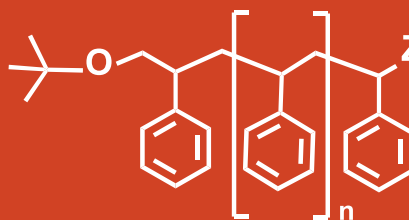


MONOMERO

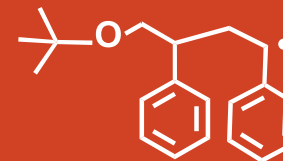
RADICALE PRIMARIO



POLISTIRENE



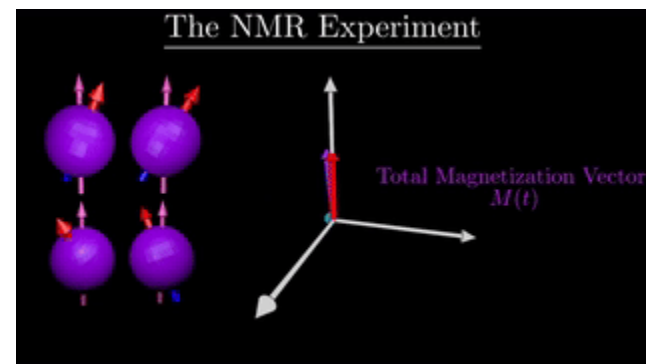
CRU



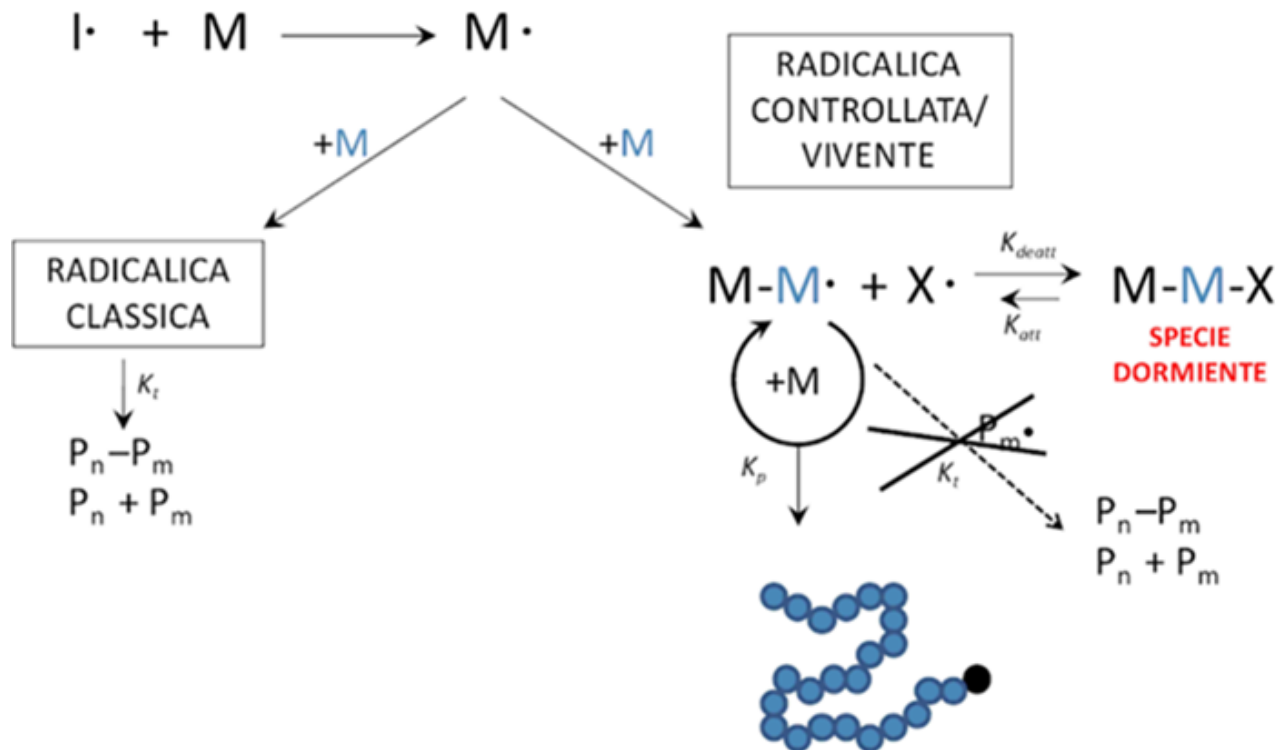
CATENA
PROPAGANTE

NMR nell'analisi di polimeri

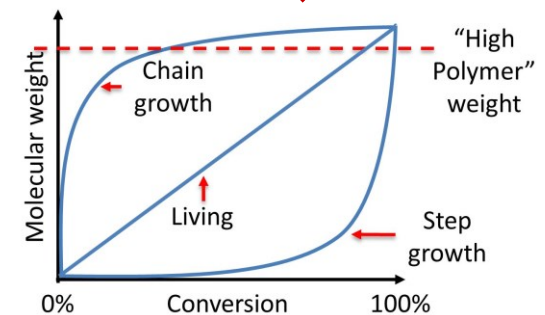
- **Composizione e struttura chimica**
(CRU e gruppi terminali)
- **Regolarità strutturale**
(isomeria costituzionale, tassaia, ramificazioni, conformazione)
- **Controllo qualità**
(additivi, impurezze...)
- **Controllo avanzamento reazione**
(completezza, cinetiche...)
- **Determinazione M_n**



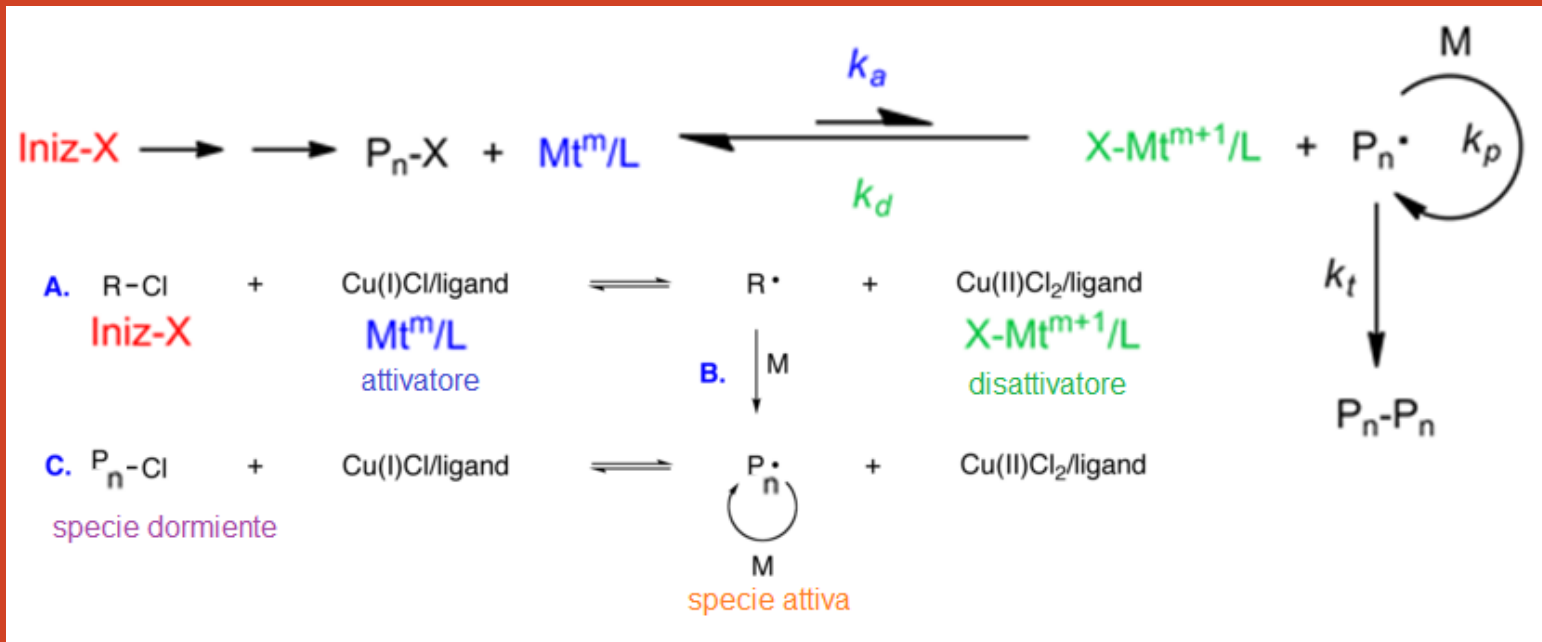
Polimerizzazioni radicaliche controllate



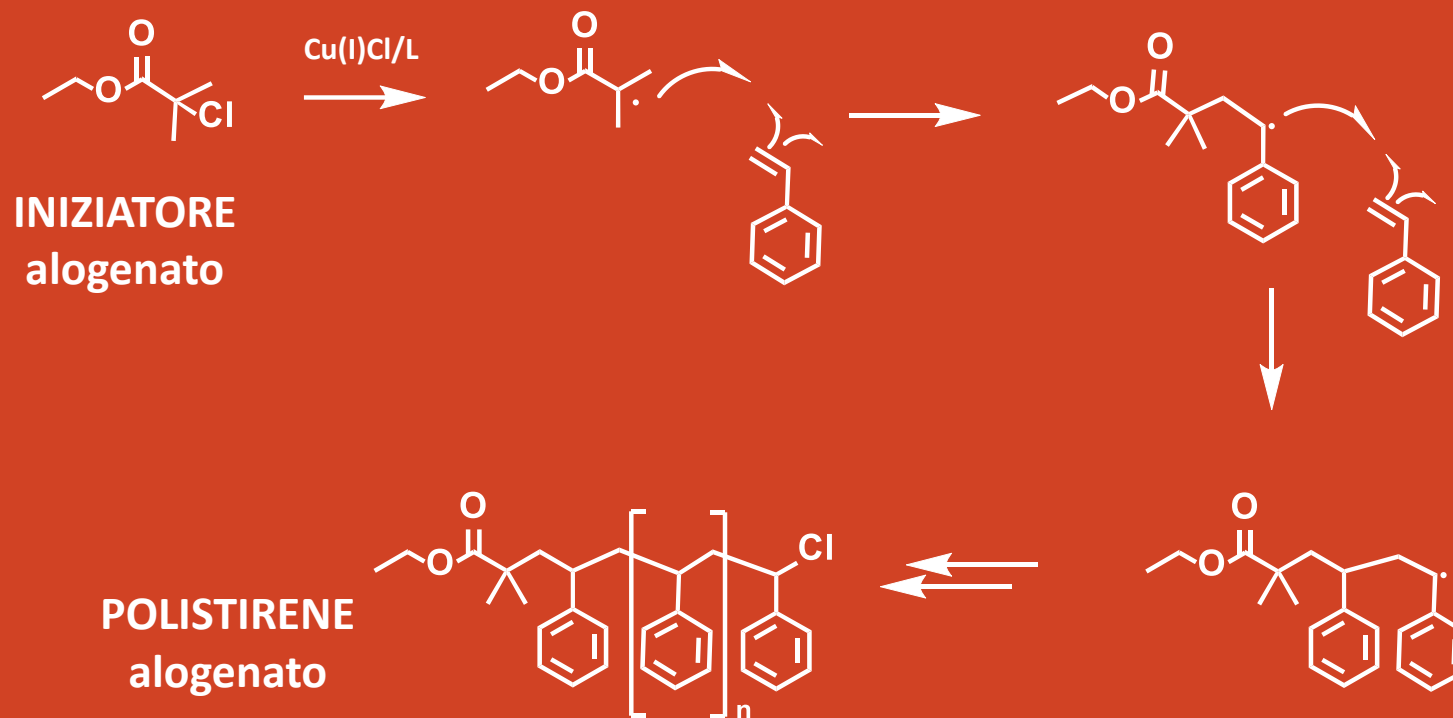
- ✓ Bassa $[R\cdot]$
- ✓ No terminazioni
- ✓ Bassa PDI
- ✓ Controllo del PM



Polimerizzazione Radicalica a Trasferimento di Atomo (ATRP)



ATRP polistirene



Determinazione della «vivenza»

Polymer
Chemistry

PAPER

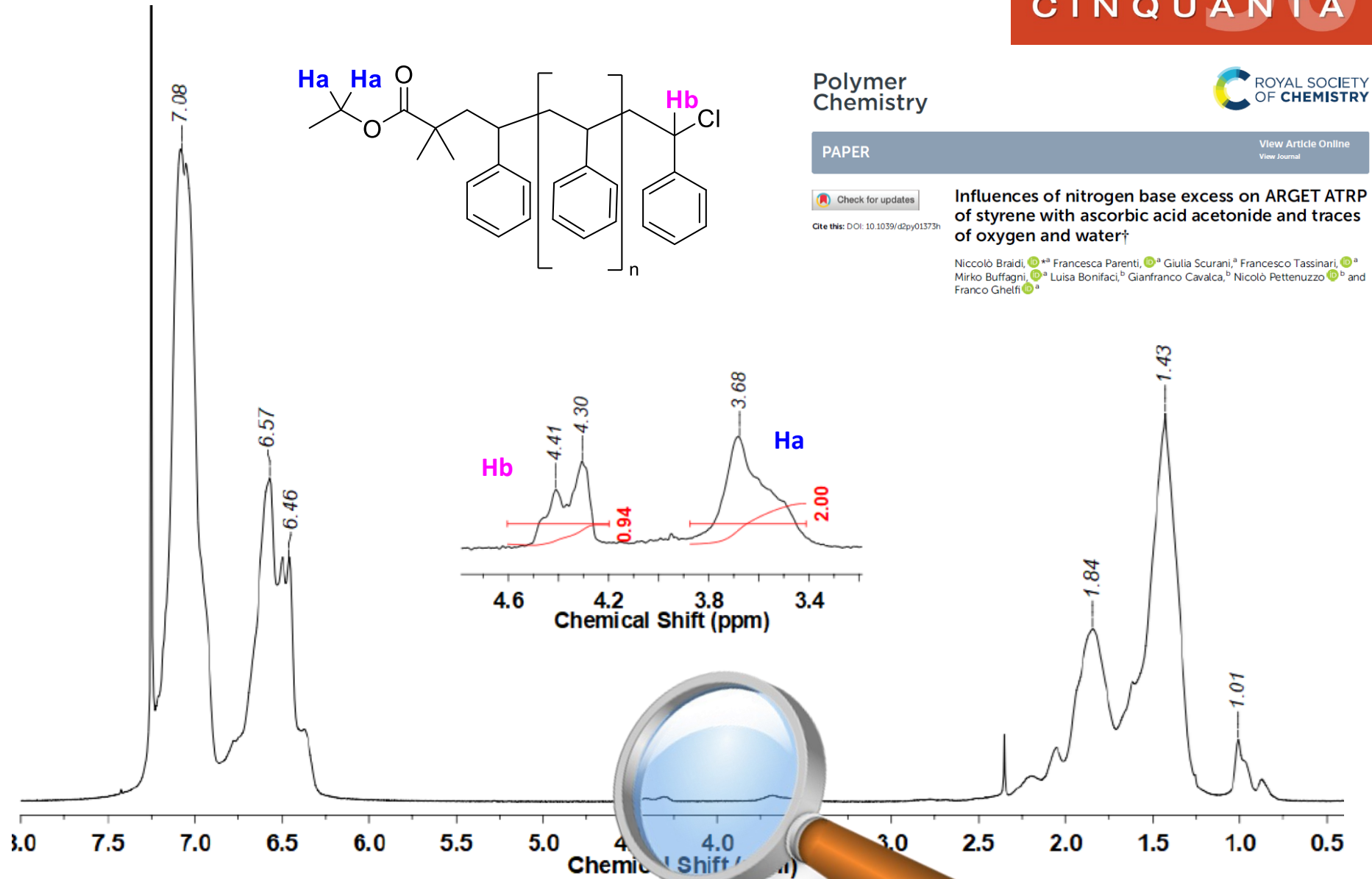
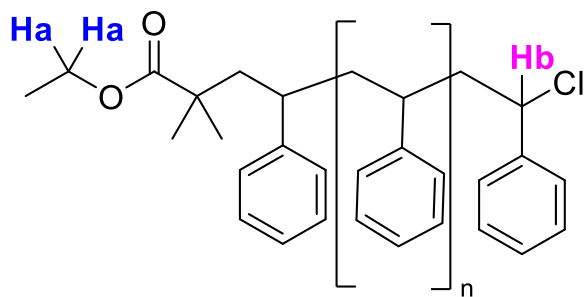
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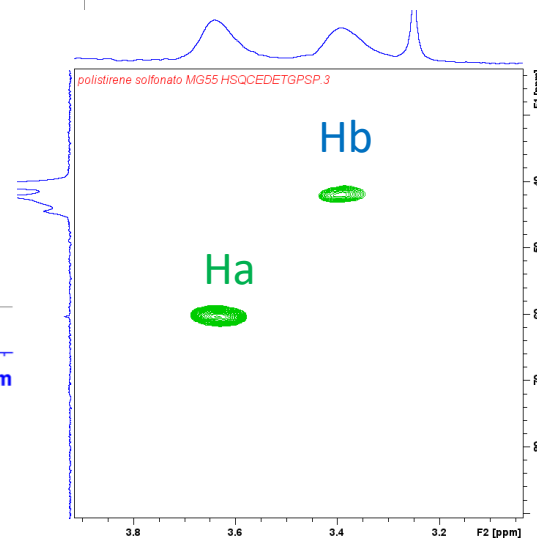
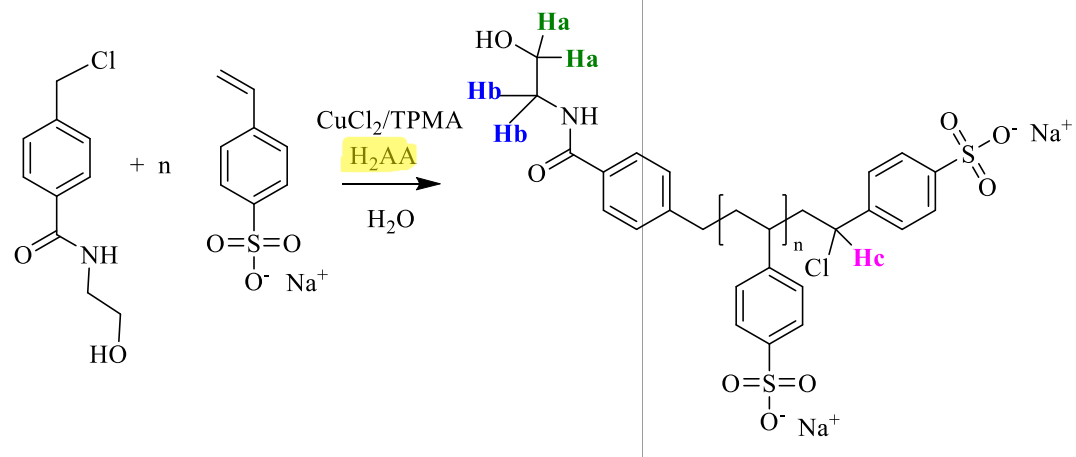
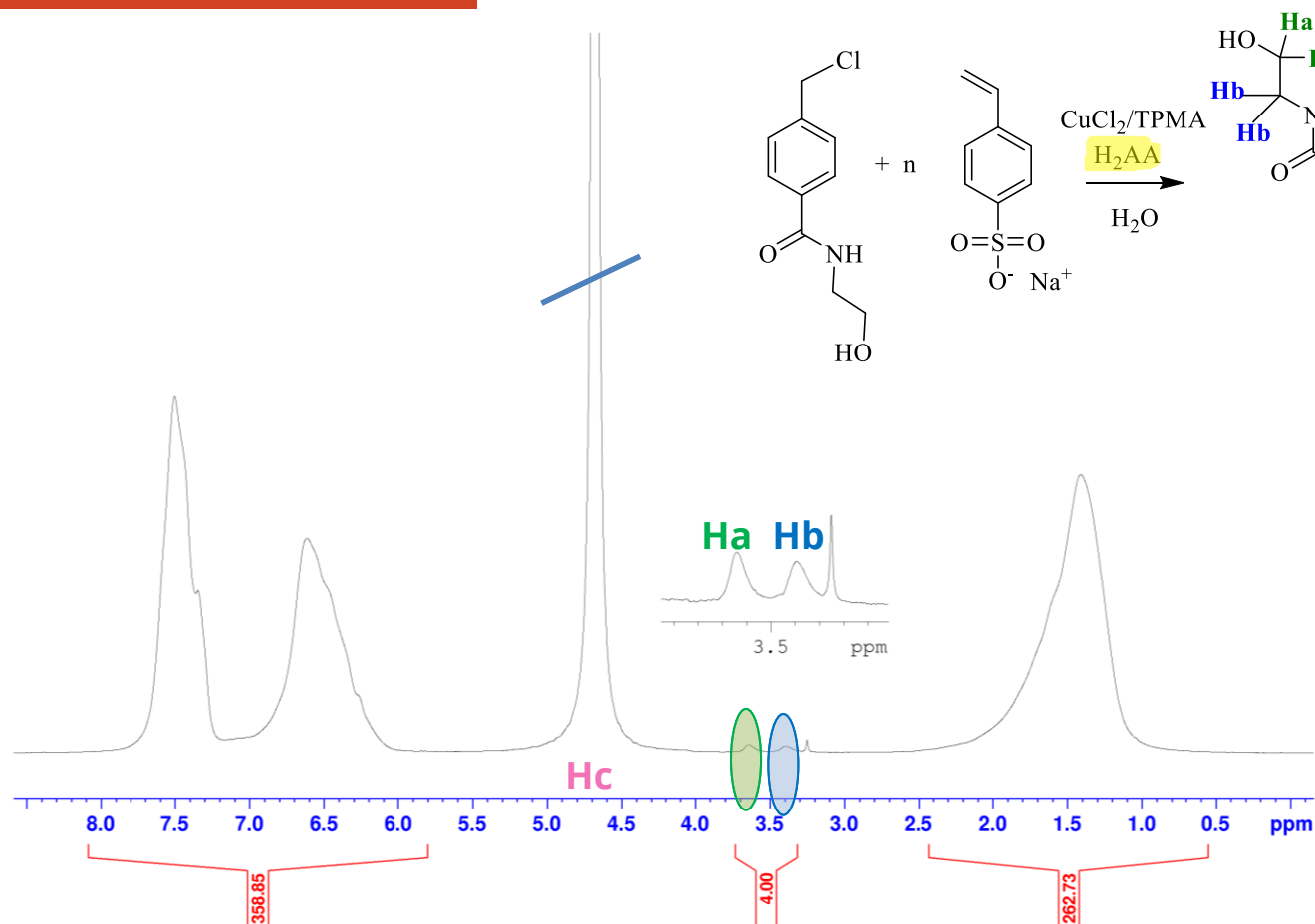
Cite this: DOI: 10.1039/d2py01373h

Influences of nitrogen base excess on ARGET ATRP of styrene with ascorbic acid acetone and traces of oxygen and water†

Niccolò Braidì,^a Francesca Parenti,^b Giulia Scurani,^a Francesco Tassinari,^a Mirko Buffagni,^b Luisa Bonifazi,^b Gianfranco Cavalca,^b Nicolò Pettenuzzo^b and Franco Ghelfi^a



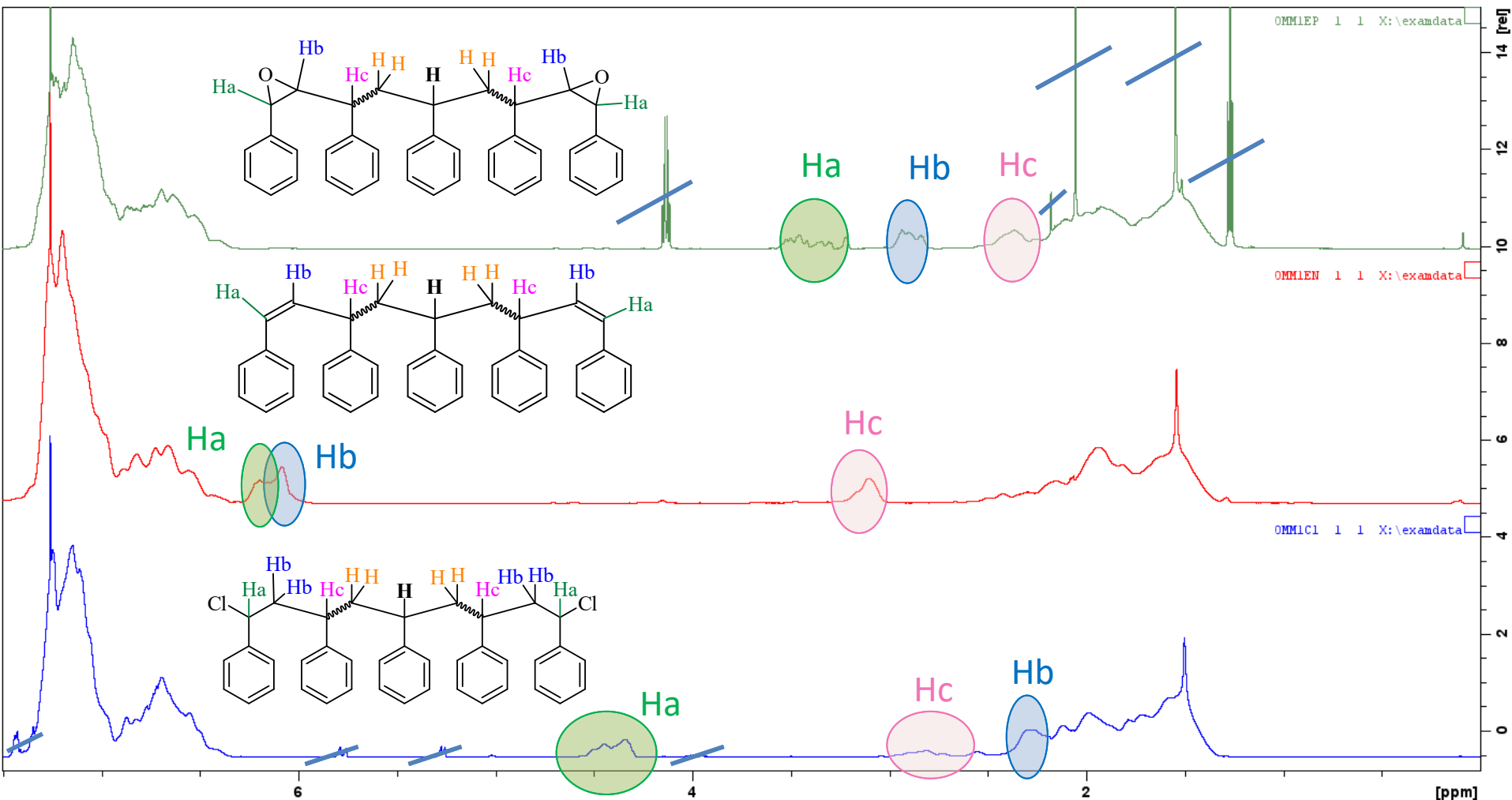
Determinazione di M_n



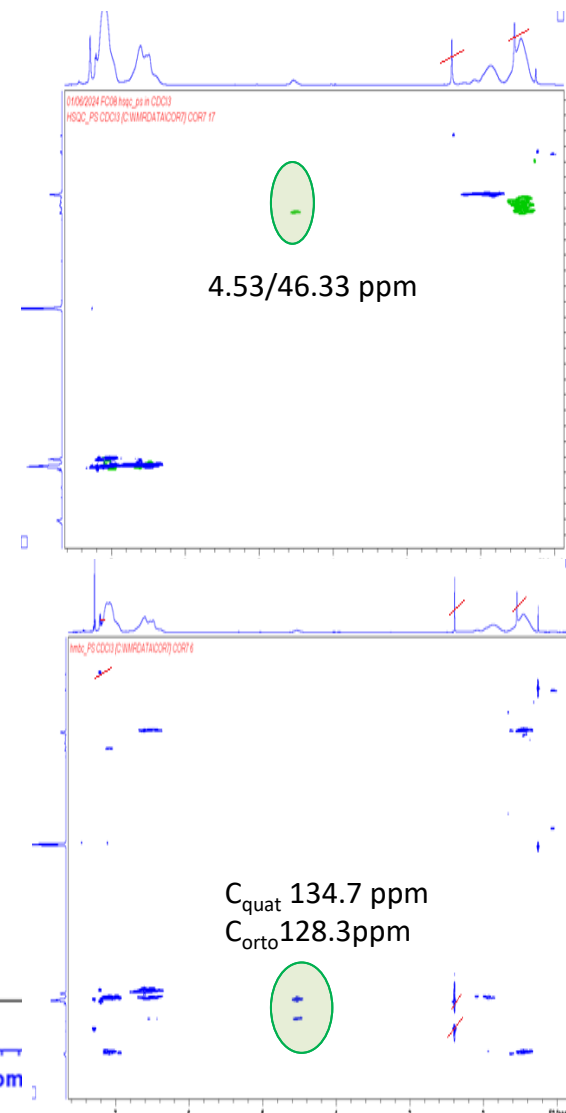
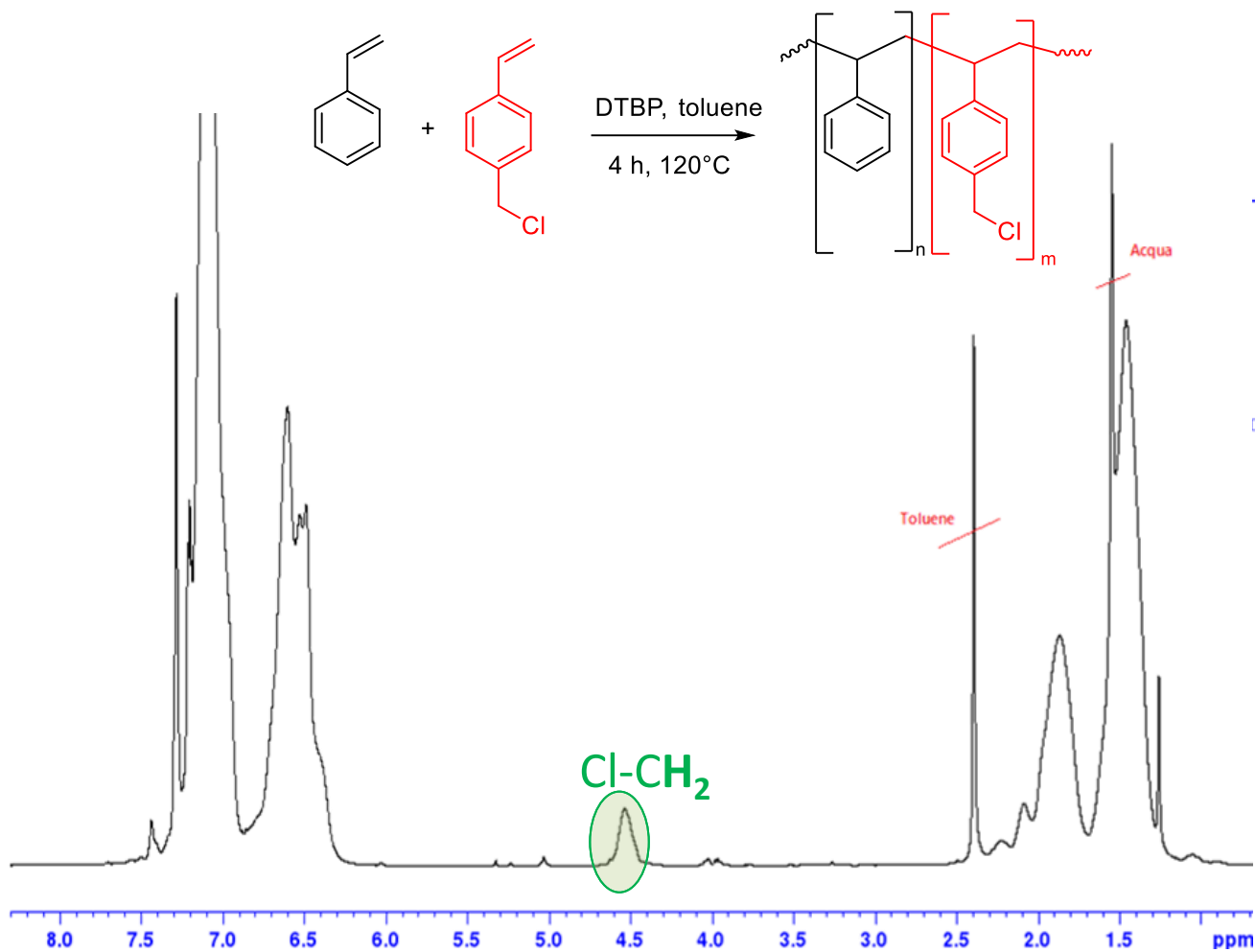
$$n = \text{DP} = \frac{\text{int}_{\text{HarCRU}}}{n^{\circ} \text{HarCRU}} \cdot \frac{n^{\circ} H_{\text{alINIZ}}}{\text{int}_{\text{HalINIZ}}} = \frac{358.8}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{4} = 89.7$$

$$M_n = n \cdot MM_{\text{cru}} = 89.7 \cdot 207.2 = 18.5 \text{ kDa}$$

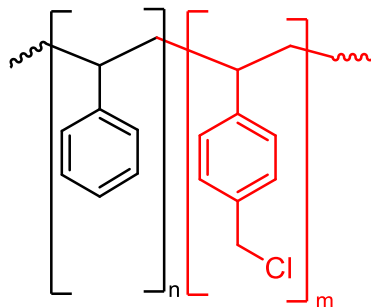
Post-funzionalizzazione



Copolimero styrene-co-4-clorometilstirene (feed 5% CMS)

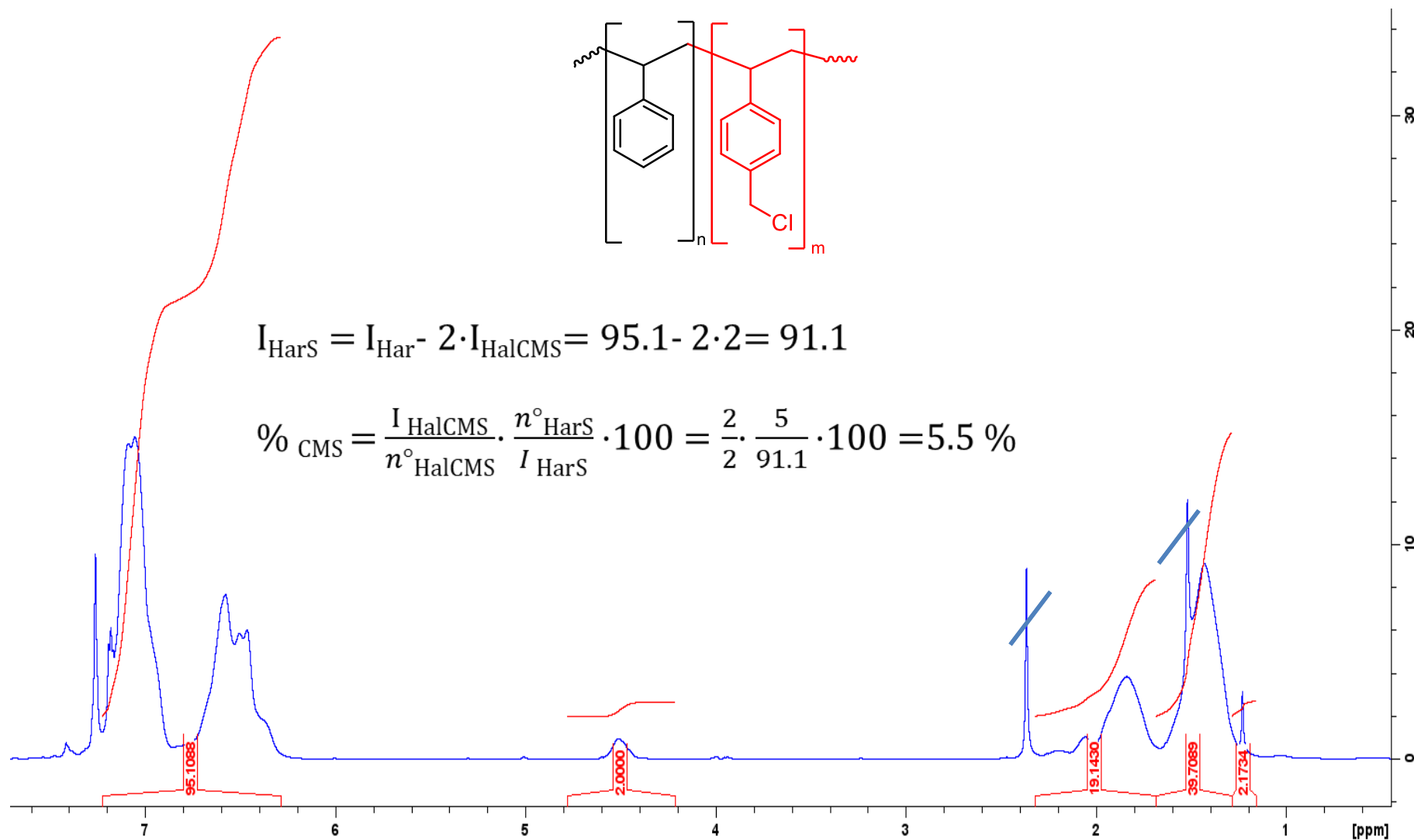


Calcolo della composizione copolimerica

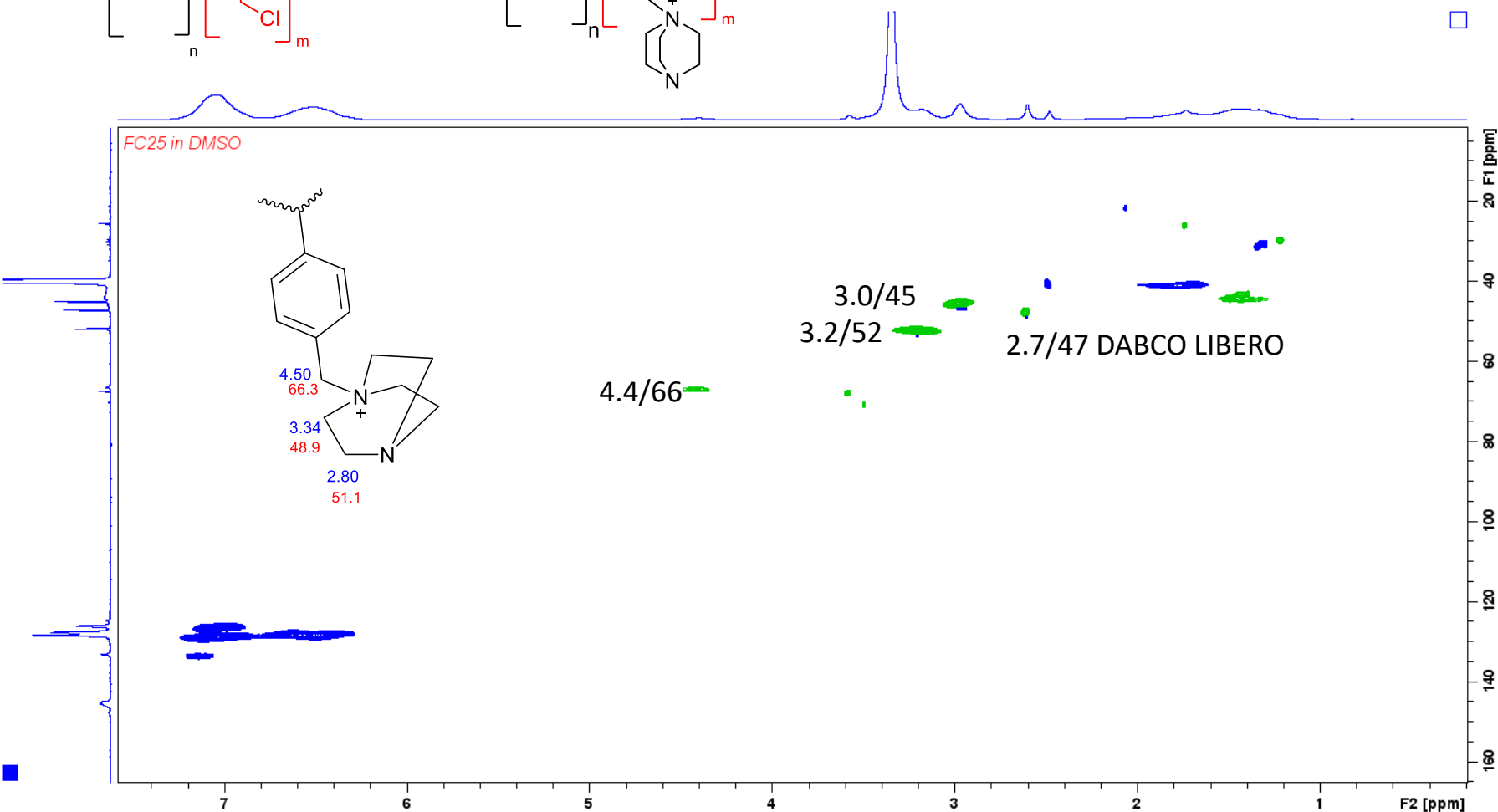
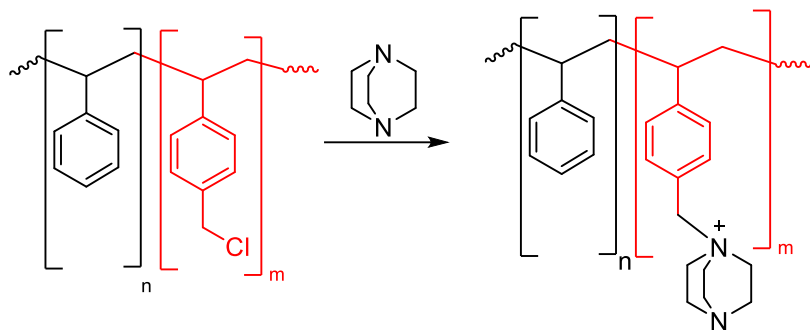


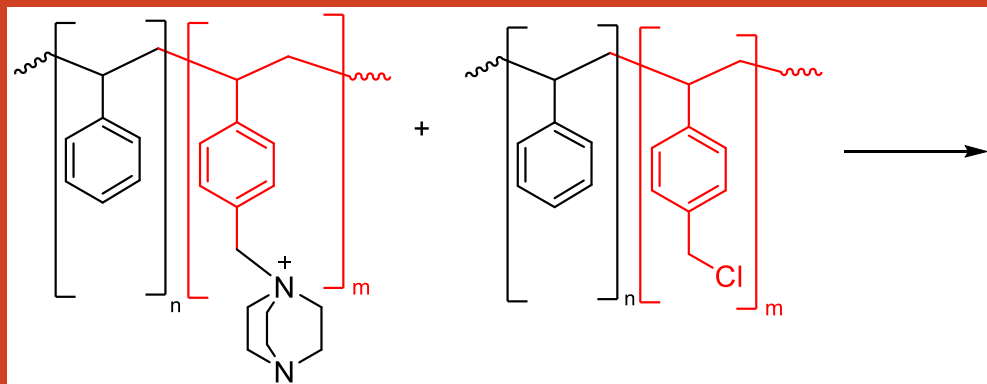
$$I_{\text{HarS}} = I_{\text{Har}} - 2 \cdot I_{\text{HalCMS}} = 95.1 - 2 \cdot 2 = 91.1$$

$$\%_{\text{CMS}} = \frac{I_{\text{HalCMS}}}{n^{\circ}_{\text{HalCMS}}} \cdot \frac{n^{\circ}_{\text{HarS}}}{I_{\text{HarS}}} \cdot 100 = \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{91.1} \cdot 100 = 5.5 \%$$

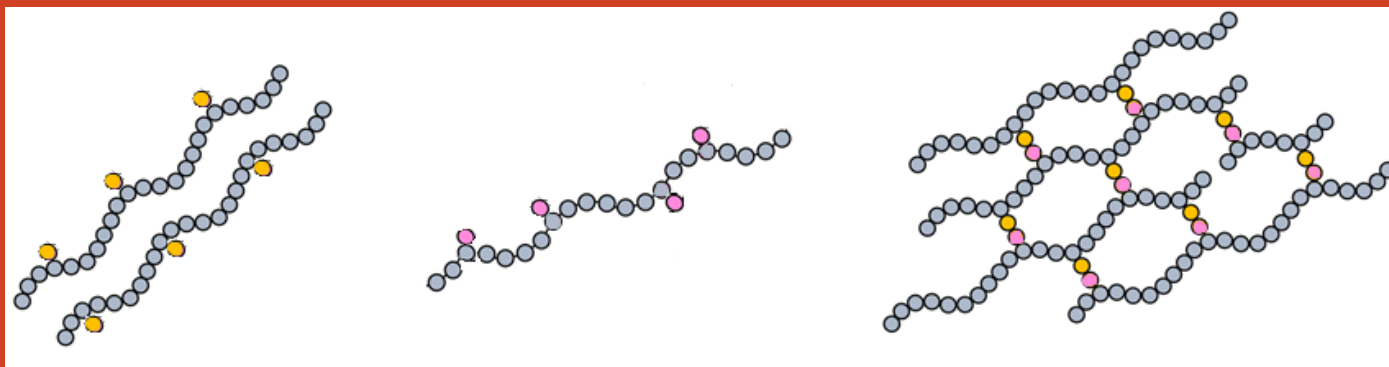
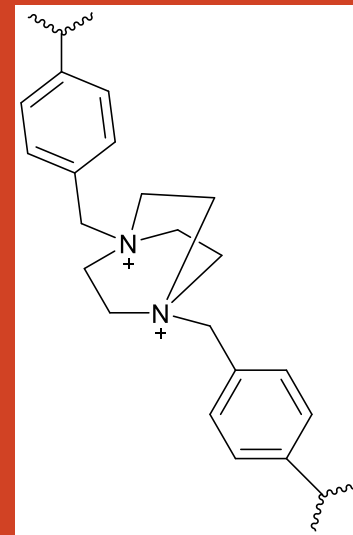


Post-funzionalizzazione





INSOLUBILE!!!



Ringrazio il comitato organizzatore del CIGS per avermi dato l'opportunità di esporre i risultati della mia ricerca in questa importante occasione e tutti voi per l'attenzione!



